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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/778,831 | 02/08/2001 | Shigeo Nara | 35.G2745 | 6794 |
| 5514 | 7590 | 06/28/2005 | EXAMINER | |
| FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10112 | | | SAX, STEVEN PAUL | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2174 | |
| DATE MAILED: 06/28/2005 | | | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
| | 09/778,831 | NARA, SHIGEO | |
| | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Steven P Sax | 2174 | |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 April 2005.

2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-33 and 40-50 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-33 and 40-50 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:

1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

| | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____. |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____. |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This application has been examined. The amendment filed 4/20/05 has been entered.

2. 2.35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

3. Claims 33, 40-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. These claims are directed to a computer program stored on a "computer readable medium" but, following the specification, a computer readable medium may merely be a signal or data structure supported on a network, and thus is non-statutory subject matter. See specification page 8 lines 10-11, and note that "in this case" the program is read through the network, and thus may be embodied on a signal. Note that this may be remedied by amending these claims to incorporate claim 49, for example such as to recite "A computer readable memory for storing a computer program ..."

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-33, 40-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McKnight et al (6670974) and Wanderski (6147687).

6. Regarding claim 1, McKnight et al show the processing apparatus capable of activating an application for displaying on a display screen information for a peripheral device on a communication link (abstract, column 2 lines 35-50), including: storage means for storing device information of a peripheral device on a communication link in resident memory (column 5 lines 15-25), obtaining means for obtaining status information of the device through the communication link when the application is activated (column 6 lines 10-35), first display control means for displaying on the display screen status information of the device on the communication link according to the information stored in the storage means (column 5 lines 20-35), and a second display control means for updating the content of the information displayed by the first control means according to the device status information obtained (column 6 lines 25-40 and 55-67, column 7 lines 25-45). McKnight et al do not specifically state that the information stored in the storage means is necessarily displayed before the obtaining means completes obtaining the status information, but does mention efficient displaying and updating of information to the user on a user interface. Furthermore, Wanderski does teach displaying the older information such as that stored in the storage means before the obtaining means completes obtaining the updated information (column 8 lines 5-15, 19-45, column 10 lines 20-47) for efficient displaying and updating of

information to the user on a user interface. It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art to have this in McKnight et al, because it would provide an efficient way to display and update information to a user on a user interface. Note that the claim recites "status" or "alert" information in alternative form, so status information fulfills the claim.

7. Regarding claim 2, the obtaining means obtains information of the peripheral device from a storage on the peripheral device (McKnight et al Figure 10, column 5 lines 1-20).

8. Regarding claim 3, the peripheral device is a printer (McKnight et al column 7 lines 1-10).

9. Regarding claim 4, the information is obtained related to the peripheral device from the connected computer (McKnight et al column 7 lines 10-24).

10. Regarding claim 5, the information is obtained from a management apparatus on the communication link (McKnight et al column 7 lines 30-35).

11. Regarding claim 6, the information of the device on the communication link stored in the storage means is updated on the network (McKnight et al column 7 lines 35-47).

12. Regarding claim 7, the second display control means displays a progress of obtaining information (McKnight et al column 8 lines 1-19).
13. Regarding claim 8, status information that is changed is displayed in the second control means in a predetermined display form (McKnight et al column 8 lines 45-60).
14. Regarding claim 9, status information of each device is sequentially obtained in an order based on predetermined condition (McKnight et al column 8 lines 35-46).
15. Regarding claim 10, the condition may be externally predetermined via a registration means (McKnight et al column 8 lines 59-67 and column 9 lines 1-20).
16. Regarding claim 11, information determined to not be dynamic is displayed in the first means (McKnight et al column 9 lines 5-30).
17. Regarding claim 12, the second display control means updates the information displayed by the first display control means according to dynamic information obtained (McKnight et al column 7 lines 50-67 and column 8 lines 1-13).

18. Regarding claim 13, the second display control means changes a form of a symbol of information displayed in the first means according to the dynamic information (McKnight et al Figures 2-4).
19. Regarding claim 14, the dynamic information includes information related to a state of expendables for the device (McKnight et al column 9 lines 15-41).
20. Regarding claim 15, the dynamic information includes error information (McKnight et al column 10 lines 15-26 and column 9 lines 1-21).
21. Regarding claim 16, the dynamic information includes information as to whether the device is in use (McKnight et al column 9 lines 1-27).
22. Regarding claim 17, McKnight et al show the processing method capable of displaying on a display screen information for a peripheral device on a communication link when an application is activated (abstract, column 2 lines 35-50, column 6 lines 10-30), including: reading device information of a peripheral device on a communication link from resident memory (column 5 lines 15-25), obtaining information of the device through the communication link when the application is activated (column 6 lines 10-35), displaying on the display screen information of the device on the communication link according to the information read from the resident memory (column 5 lines 20-35), and updating the content of the information displayed by the first control means according to

the device information obtained (column 6 lines 25-40 and 55-67, column 7 lines 25-45). McKnight et al do not specifically state that the information read from the resident memory is necessarily displayed before obtaining the information is completed, but does mention efficient displaying and updating of information to the user on a user interface. Furthermore, Wanderski does teach displaying the older information such as that read from the resident memory before obtaining the updated information is completed (column 8 lines 5-15, 19-45, column 10 lines 20-47) for efficient displaying and updating of information to the user on a user interface. It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art to have this in McKnight et al, because it would provide an efficient way to display and update information to a user on a user interface.

23. Regarding claim 18, the obtaining means obtains information of the peripheral device from a storage on the peripheral device (McKnight et al Figure 10, column 5 lines 1-20).

24. Regarding claim 19, the peripheral device is a printer (McKnight et al column 7 lines 1-10).

25. Regarding claim 20, the information is obtained related to the peripheral device from the connected computer (McKnight et al column 7 lines 10-24).

26. Regarding claim 21, the information is obtained from a management apparatus on the communication link (McKnight et al column 7 lines 30-35).
27. Regarding claim 22, the information of the device on the communication link stored in the storage means is updated on the network (McKnight et al column 7 lines 35-47).
28. Regarding claim 23, the second display control means displays a progress of obtaining information (McKnight et al column 8 lines 1-19).
29. Regarding claim 24, status information that is changed is displayed in the second control means in a predetermined display form (McKnight et al column 8 lines 45-60).
30. Regarding claim 25, status information of each device is sequentially obtained in an order based on predetermined condition (McKnight et al column 8 lines 35-46).
31. Regarding claim 26, the condition may be externally predetermined via a registration means (McKnight et al column 8 lines 59-67 and column 9 lines 1-20).
32. Regarding claim 27, information determined to not be dynamic is displayed in the first means (McKnight et al column 9 lines 5-30).

33. Regarding claim 28, the second display control means updates the information displayed by the first display control means according to dynamic information obtained (McKnight et al column 7 lines 50-67 and column 8 lines 1-13).

34. Regarding claim 29, the second display control means changes a form of a symbol of information displayed in the first means according to the dynamic information (McKnight et al Figures 2-4).

35. Regarding claim 30, the dynamic information includes information related to a state of expendables for the device (McKnight et al column 9 lines 15-41).

36. Regarding claim 31, the dynamic information includes error information (McKnight et al column 10 lines 15-26 and column 9 lines 1-21).

37. Regarding claim 32, the dynamic information includes information as to whether the device is in use (McKnight et al column 9 lines 1-27).

38. Claim 33 recites the same features as claim 17 and is rejected for the same reasons.

39. Claims 40-48 recite the same features as claims 24-32 respectively and are rejected for the same reasons as those claims respectively.

40. Claim 49 shows the same features as claim 33 and is rejected for the same reasons.

41. Claim 50 shows the same features as claim 1 and is rejected for the same reasons.

42. Applicant's arguments filed have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding the 101 rejection, as stated in the Office Action, merely reciting that the program is stored on a "computer readable medium" is not statutory in this case since the specification allows for the medium to be data along a network.

Regarding the 103 rejection, the summary of invention and claim 1 is noted. McKnight does in fact show information for a peripheral device, which is in fact status information. The claims recite "status" or "alert" in alternative form, and so the fact that McKnight shows status information satisfies the claim. Wanderski is brought in to show displaying the older information such as that read from the resident memory before obtaining the updated information is completed. The motivation to combine this with McKnight is for efficient displaying and updating of information to the user on a user interface. Together, this combination brings out the claimed features.

43. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

44. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven P Sax whose telephone number is (571) 272-4072. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday, 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2174

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



STEVEN SAX
PRIMARY EXAMINER